| | Name | SOLUTIONS | |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Tuesday, September 15 | | | |
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| 6.818 Fall 2020 | Miniquiz #6 | | 5 Minutes |

1. Consider the following grammar, which has no left recursion but is right-associative:

$$T \to x T'$$

$$T' \to * x T'$$

$$T' \to \varepsilon$$

What can you do to implement a top-down parser that constructs left-associative parse trees for the grammar above?

Option 1: First construct a right-associative concrete parse tree using the top-down parser, then rewrite the parse tree to make it left-associative.

Option 2: Have T' construct an incomplete parse tree with the leftmost child missing, and have the caller fill in the missing child (with x if the caller is T, or with a similarly incomplete subtree if the caller is also T').

2. Consider the following grammar:

$$E \to E + T \mid T$$

$$T \to T * F \mid F$$

$$F \to (E) \mid x$$

What are the first five steps of a shift-reduce parser for the input (x * x) + x? (Assume the parser won't take a step that would lead to an invalid string.)

- 1) SHIFT (
- 2) SHIFT \hat{x}
- 3) REDUCE F
- 4) REDUCE T
- 5) SHIFT *